

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

## PHYSICS

9702/32 May/June 2016

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Pa	age 2	2	Mark Scheme Syllabus Pap	er	
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1	(b)	(i)	Value for $\theta$ in range 20° to 30° to nearest degree, with unit.	[1]	
		(iv)	Value for $T$ in range 0.50 s to 1.50 s.	[1]	
			Evidence of repeat readings. At least two measurements of $nT$ , with $n \ge 3$ .	[1]	
	(d)	3 m	sets of values for $\theta$ and $T$ with correct trend scores 4 marks, five sets scores narks etc. No $\theta$ values over 90°. p from Supervisor –1.	[4]	
			nge: alues must include 30° or less and 70° or more.	[1]	
		Eac The	umn headings: ch column heading must contain a quantity and an appropriate unit. e presentation of quantity and unit must conform to accepted scientific convention . $\theta$ /°, $\theta$ (°) or $\theta$ (deg) etc. 1/ $\sqrt{\tan \theta}$ must have no unit.	[1]	
			nsistency: raw values of time must be given to the nearest 0.1 s, or all to the nearest 0.01 s.	[1]	
		-	nificant figures: ery value of $1/\sqrt{\tan\theta}$ must be given to 2 or 3 s.f.	[1]	
			culation: ues of $1/\sqrt{\tan\theta}$ calculated correctly to the number of s.f. given by the candidate.	[1]	
	(e)	(i)	Axes: Sensible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) are not allowed. Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy at least half the graph grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Scales must be labelled with the quantity that is being plotted. Scale markings must be no more than three large squares apart.	[1]	
			Plotting of points: All observations must be plotted. Diameter of plotted points must be ≤ half a small square (no "blobs"). Plotted points must be accurate to half a small square.	[1]	
			Quality: All points in the table (at least 5) must be plotted for this mark to be awarded. All points must be no more than $\pm 0.02$ s (in the $y(T)$ direction) of a straight line.	[1]	
		(ii)	Line of best fit: Judge by balance of all points on the grid about the candidate's line (at least 5 points). There must be an even distribution of points either side of the line along the full length. Allow one anomalous plot only if clearly indicated by the candidate. Line must not be kinked or thicker than half a small square.	[1]	

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Pa	nge 3	3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	I	(iii)	Gradient: Sign of gradient must match graph drawn. The hypotenuse of the triangle used must be greater than half the l drawn line. The method of calculation must be correct. Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both <i>x</i> an	-	
			<i>y</i> -intercept:		[1]
			Either: Correct read-off from a point on the line and substituted into $y = mx$ Read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both x and y c Or:	lirections.	
			Intercept read off directly from the graph (accurate to half a small s	quare).	
	(f)		ue of $p$ = candidate's gradient and value of $q$ = candidate's intercept not allow fractions.		[1]
		Coi	rect units for $p$ and $q$ (both should have the unit s).		[1]
2	(a)	(i)	<i>h</i> to nearest mm and in range 2.5 cm to 3.5 cm.		[1]
		(ii)	Raw values for <i>d</i> to nearest mm.		[1]
	(b)	lf re (bu	solute uncertainty in <i>d</i> in range 2mm to 5mm. epeated readings have been taken, then the uncertainty can be half t not zero) if the working is clearly shown. rrect method of calculation to obtain percentage uncertainty.	the range	[1]
	(c)	(i)	Value for <i>t</i> in range 20.0s to 90.0s, with unit.		[1]
			Evidence of repeat measurements of <i>t</i> .		[1]
		(ii)	Correct calculation of <i>R</i> to the s.f. used by the candidate (must be 2	2 or more s.f	.). [1]
	(d)	(ii)	Value for $x_1$ to nearest mm, with unit.		[1]
	(e)	Sec	cond values of <i>h</i> and <i>d</i> and <i>t</i> .		[1]
		Sec	cond values of $x_1$ and $x_2$ .		[1]
		Qu	ality: $(x_2 - x_1)$ greater for shorter <i>t</i> .		[1]
	(f)	(i)	Two values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.		[1]
		(ii)	Sensible comment relating to the calculated values of <i>k</i> , testing aga specified by the candidate.	ainst a criteri	on [1]

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(g)	(i) Limitations [4]	(ii) Improvements [4]	Do not credit
A	Two readings are not enough to draw a conclusion	Take more readings <u>and</u> plot graph/ obtain more <i>k</i> values and compare	"Repeat readings" on its own/few readings/only one reading/take more readings and find average <i>k</i>
В	Parallax error <u>when</u> <u>measuring <i>d</i></u>	Measure on bench between two set squares/ use (vernier) calipers/ use string to find circumference then calculate <i>d</i>	
С	Bottle distorts <u>when</u> <u>measuring d</u> / d varies along bottle/ base of bottle not flat	Collect water lost between marks and measure volume	
D	Difficult to judge/see/operate stopwatch when water level reaches mark	Use video with timer in view/ use frame counting/ use coloured water	Reaction time Light gates
E	Wooden strip moves continuously when water is falling on it	Use video with scale in view	
F	Difficult to measure height because rule not vertical/rule touches strip	Use set square on bench/ clamp rule	Only short time to measure <i>x</i>
G	Water soaks into wooden strip/ water stays on wooden strip	Use waterproof strip	Use new strip/ dry the strip
Н	R not constant between lines	Move lines closer to top/ have lines closer together	