



## Cambridge International AS & A Level

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**BIOLOGY**

**9700/33**

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1

**October/November 2020**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 40

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

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This document consists of **8** printed pages.

**PUBLISHED****Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

**Science-Specific Marking Principles**

1 Examiners should consider the context and scientific use of any keywords when awarding marks. Although keywords may be present, marks should not be awarded if the keywords are used incorrectly.

2 The examiner should not choose between contradictory statements given in the same question part, and credit should not be awarded for any correct statement that is contradicted within the same question part. Wrong science that is irrelevant to the question should be ignored.

3 Although spellings do not have to be correct, spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. ethane / ethene, glucagon / glycogen, refraction / reflection).

4 The error carried forward (ecf) principle should be applied, where appropriate. If an incorrect answer is subsequently used in a scientifically correct way, the candidate should be awarded these subsequent marking points. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.

**5 'List rule' guidance**

For questions that require *n* responses (e.g. State **two** reasons ...):

- The response should be read as continuous prose, even when numbered answer spaces are provided.
- Any response marked *ignore* in the mark scheme should not count towards *n*.
- Incorrect responses should not be awarded credit but will still count towards *n*.
- Read the entire response to check for any responses that contradict those that would otherwise be credited. Credit should **not** be awarded for any responses that are contradicted within the rest of the response. Where two responses contradict one another, this should be treated as a single incorrect response.
- Non-contradictory responses after the first *n* responses may be ignored even if they include incorrect science.

**6** Calculation specific guidance

Correct answers to calculations should be given full credit even if there is no working or incorrect working, **unless** the question states 'show your working'.

For questions in which the number of significant figures required is not stated, credit should be awarded for correct answers when rounded by the examiner to the number of significant figures given in the mark scheme. This may not apply to measured values.

For answers given in standard form (e.g.  $a \times 10^n$ ) in which the convention of restricting the value of the coefficient ( $a$ ) to a value between 1 and 10 is not followed, credit may still be awarded if the answer can be converted to the answer given in the mark scheme.

Unless a separate mark is given for a unit, a missing or incorrect unit will normally mean that the final calculation mark is not awarded. Exceptions to this general principle will be noted in the mark scheme.

**7** Guidance for chemical equations

Multiples / fractions of coefficients used in chemical equations are acceptable unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

State symbols given in an equation should be ignored unless asked for in the question or stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

**Mark scheme abbreviations**

<b>;</b>	separates marking points
<b>/</b>	alternative answers for the same point
<b>R</b>	reject
<b>A</b>	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
<b>AW</b>	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
<b><u>underline</u></b>	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
<b>max</b>	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
<b>ora</b>	or reverse argument
<b>mp</b>	marking point (with relevant number)
<b>ecf</b>	error carried forward
<b>l</b>	ignore

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	assesses the risk for the procedure as low or medium <u>and</u> valid reason ;	1
1(a)(ii)	1 four additional concentrations of yeast ; 2 correct volumes of yeast and water ;	2
1(a)(iii)	1 <i>heading for independent variable</i> : percentage concentration of yeast (before heading for dependent variable) <u>and</u> no units in body of table ; 2 <i>heading for dependent variable</i> : time and seconds <u>and</u> no units in body of table ; 3 times for all samples ; 4 time for the highest concentration of yeast shorter than for the lowest concentration of yeast ; 5 results recorded to nearest whole second ;	5
1(a)(iv)	1 identifies one error and gives reason e.g. end-point and hard to determine ;	1
1(a)(v)	1 describes the apparatus <u>and</u> suitable method used e.g. upturned measuring cylinder filled with water ; 2 for a set time ;	2
1(b)(i)	1 correct calculation of rate, e.g. 1.82 or 1.8 ; 2 correct units, e.g. cm s <sup>-1</sup> ;	2
1(b)(ii)	1 x-axis: temperature / °C <u>and</u> y-axis: mean time to rise / seconds ; 2 scale on x-axis: 10 °C to 2 cm, labelled at least every 2 cm <u>and</u> scale on y-axis: 20 seconds to 2 cm, labelled at least every 2 cm ; 3 correct plotting of all points using small crosses or dots in circles ; 4 plots joined with thin line passing through all points ;	4
1(b)(iii)	correct description of the trend ;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(b)(iv)	<p><i>between 10 °C and 40 °C</i></p> <p>1 enzyme and substrate have more kinetic energy ;</p> <p>2 more successful collisions or more enzyme substrate complexes formed ;</p> <p><i>between 40 °C and 55 °C</i></p> <p>3 shape of the active site changes or enzyme denatures ;</p> <p>4 substrate prevented from binding ;</p> <p>5 fewer enzyme substrate complexes formed ;</p>	<b>3</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	<p>1 suitable size <u>and</u> no shading ;</p> <p>2 draws only outline of tissues <u>and</u> no cells drawn ;</p> <p>3 draws correct proportions of vascular bundle ;</p> <p>4 draws subdivision of vascular bundle ;</p> <p>5 label line <u>and</u> label to epidermis ;</p>	<b>5</b>
2(a)(ii)	<p>1 suitable size <u>and</u> lines sharp and continuous ;</p> <p>2 draws only four whole cells <u>and</u> each cell touches at least two other cells ;</p> <p>3 draws correct shape of cells ;</p> <p>4 two lines around each cell <u>and</u> three lines where cells touch ;</p> <p>5 label line and label to one cell wall ;</p>	<b>5</b>
2(b)(i)	<p>1 records measured total width of the stem ;</p> <p>2 records measured width of the central air space ;</p> <p>3 suitable units for measuring width of stem and width of central air space ;</p> <p>4 (final answer) shows larger number to smaller number as a ratio <u>and</u> no units ;</p> <p>5 (final answer) to the correct degree of accuracy ;</p>	<b>5</b>
2(b)(ii)	replicate measurements <u>and</u> calculate mean ;	<b>1</b>

Question	Answer	Marks															
2(b)(iii)	<p>1 records <b>only</b> observable differences ;                      2, 3 and 4                      any <b>three</b> from:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="338 352 1447 679"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="338 352 743 416">feature</th> <th data-bbox="743 352 1088 416">K1</th> <th data-bbox="1088 352 1447 416">Fig. 2.2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 416 743 480">number of vascular bundles</td> <td data-bbox="743 416 1088 480">many</td> <td data-bbox="1088 416 1447 480">fewer ;</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 480 743 544">shape of stem</td> <td data-bbox="743 480 1088 544">irregular</td> <td data-bbox="1088 480 1447 544">circular ;</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 544 743 608">air spaces</td> <td data-bbox="743 544 1088 608">absent</td> <td data-bbox="1088 544 1447 608">present ;</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 608 743 671">trichomes</td> <td data-bbox="743 608 1088 671">present</td> <td data-bbox="1088 608 1447 671">absent ;</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	feature	K1	Fig. 2.2	number of vascular bundles	many	fewer ;	shape of stem	irregular	circular ;	air spaces	absent	present ;	trichomes	present	absent ;	3
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