



Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge Ordinary Level

BIOLOGY

5090/22

Paper 2 Theory

May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

;	separates marking points
/	alternatives
()	contents of brackets are not required but should be implied
R	reject
A	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
Ig	ignore (for incorrect but irrelevant responses)
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
AVP	alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)
ORA	or reverse argument
<u>underline</u>	actual word underlined must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
max	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
+	statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
1 (a) (i)	sepals / calyx ; petals / corolla ; nectaries ;		[max 2]
(ii)	<i>type of pollination:</i> self / wind ; <i>reason for wind:</i> exposed / large + stamens / anthers ; <i>reason for self:</i> position of anthers relative to stigma / carpel ; <i>reason for either:</i> no petals / nectaries to attract insects ;		[1] [max 1]
(b) (i)	seed / cotyledon ;		[1]
(ii)	bird / animal / herbivore ; sweet / sugary / coloured (skin) / juicy / succulent / taste / smell ; eaten / consumed / food ; spits out or drops / undigested / passes out with faeces ; at a distance from parent plant / elsewhere AW ;	R reference to excretion	[max 3]
(c) (i)	yeast / fungus ;	R bacterium	[1]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
(ii)	sugar (or named)/correct formula ; fermenter/ fermentation / <u>anaerobic</u> respiration (or description of) ; reference to suitable temperature/warmth ; reference to enzymes ;	A sugar is broken down in the absence of oxygen	[max 3]
[Total 12]			
2 (a)	C/D/E ; C/D ; F ; E ;		[4]
(b) (i)	heroin/ alcohol/ nicotine/ named addictive drug ;		[1]
(ii)	Ig reference to named drug / substance (e.g. CO, tar) mother's blood ; <u>diffusion</u> ; across or through placenta ; fetus/ baby/ embryo + blood ; umbilical cord/ umbilical vein ;	R umbilical artery	[max 4]
[Total 9]			
3 (a) (i)	mineral salts/ fibre/ roughage ;		[1]
(ii)	fat/ lipid ;		[1]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
(b)	<p><i>constituent:</i> <u>water</u> ;</p> <p><i>reasons for importance:</i> solvent/ constituent of urine / reference to chemical reactions / constituent cells OR cyto-, proto- plasm OR blood / temperature regulator OR sweating / transporter / osmoregulator AW / prevents dehydration / lubrication / prevents constipation ;;</p> <p><i>constituent:</i> (named) vitamin ;</p> <p><i>reasons for importance:</i> prevent deficiency disease AW / reference to correct specified benefit of any vitamin ;;</p>		<p>[1]</p> <p>[max 2]</p> <p>[1]</p> <p>[max 2]</p>
(c)	<p>little or no <u>starch</u> in diet / cannot digest <u>starch</u> AW ; relies on sugar or named sugar AW ; (needs to) eat fruit / animals / fewer plants ; may rely on fat / protein (for energy) ;</p>		[max 2]
			[Total 10]
4 (a)	<p><i>process:</i> <u>photosynthesis</u> ;</p> <p><i>explanation:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. leaves flat ; 2. face the sun / horizontal ; 3. large / maximum / increased + surface area ; 4. (for) trapping / absorbing / converting + light (energy) ; 5. (for) CO₂ absorption / reference to stomata ; 6. presence of chlorophyll / chloroplasts ; 7. reference to transparent cuticle / epidermis / thin leaves ; 8. reference to intercellular spaces / mesophyll cells ; 9. reference to veins to bring water / take away products ; 		<p>[1]</p> <p>[max 2]</p>

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
(b)	<p><i>effect:</i> reduces (transpiration) ; lg wilting</p> <p><i>explanation:</i> <u>stomata</u> ; (mostly) on lower surface ;</p> <p>any two of: humidity build up / reduced diffusion gradient / reduced evaporation (rate) / reduced surface area / (stomata / guard cells) close ; ;</p> <p>protection from breeze / wind ;</p>		[1] [max 3]
(c) (i)	<p>reduced light levels ;</p> <p>photosynthesis slowing down ;</p> <p>less O₂ produced / lost AW ;</p> <p>stomata closing / closed AW ;</p>		[max 2]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
(ii)	reference to darkness/low light intensity ; photosynthesis stops ; O ₂ used/absorbed/gained/uptake AW ; (for) respiration ;		[max 2]
[Total 11]			
5 (a)	✓ diffusion into the alveoli (<i>box 2</i>) ; ✓ the diaphragm relaxes (<i>box 4</i>) ; ✓ the ribs fall (<i>box 8</i>) ; ✓ pressure in the thorax increases (<i>box 9</i>) ;		[4]
(b)	1. any stated difference between inspired and expired % O ₂ ; 2. O ₂ used in respiration ; 3. Person J – the most/more (than normal) O ₂ absorbed/used ; 4. Person J - active/taking exercise/athlete/pregnant/high respiratory rate/high blood cell or red blood cell count AW ; 5. Person K – moderate activity/normal ; 6. Person L – low O ₂ absorption/use ; 7. Person L – (named) lung disease/anaemia/smoker/inactive/sleeping/elderly/dying/low respiratory rate/reference to low red blood cell count/carboxyhaemoglobin ;	A any disease that would restrict O ₂ uptake	[4]
[Total 8]			

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
6 (a)	<p><i>structure:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> cell wall thick / cell membrane thin ; cellulose in cell wall ; fat / protein in cell membrane ; cell wall surrounds OR protects cell membrane ORA ; <p><i>function:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> wall <u>permeable</u> + membrane semi-<u>permeable</u> AW ; cell wall no control / cell membrane has control over what enters cell ; cell wall involved in turgor / support / protection / shape / prevents bursting ; osmosis (only) through membrane ; active transport (only) through membrane ; 		[max 6]
(b)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (cell) the unit of life AW ; tissues are made up of cells AW ; cells in tissues have common / specific function ; organs are made up of tissues AW ; working / combining together ; one example each of a named <u>cell</u> identified as such + a named <u>organ</u> identified as such ; 	<p>A for tissue examples including: blood, muscle, nervous, epithelial, connective, xylem, phloem, palisade, epidermis</p> <p>A for organ examples including: muscle, heart, leaf, flower, root, stem</p>	[max 3] [1]
			[Total 10]

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
7 (a)	<p><i>Each importance must be linked to a condition in order to score credit.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> oxygen ; for respiration / energy <u>release</u> ; growth / mitosis / cell division ; water ; solvent / reference to chemical reaction / transport ; to rupture / break / soften testa (seed coat) ; reference to temperature qualified e.g. suitable / warm ; for enzyme action ; digestion AW + of food / named food (stores) ; seed must be viable / alive / no longer dormant ; 		[max 6]
(b)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> amino acids / sucrose or sugar ; as a result of photosynthesis ; in or from leaves / source / storage organ of parent – or parent clearly implied ; in solution ; translocated / in phloem ; in veins / vascular bundles ; functional reference to cotyledon / endosperm OR sink ; 		[max 4]
			[Total 10]

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
8 (a)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> sterilised / aseptic technique ; <u>fermenter</u> ; bacterium / fungus / algae / named example ; substrate / cultured medium or named / broth / any two chemicals in the medium ; oxygen / air ; bubbles / sparger / aerator / paddle / stirrer AW ; temperature regulation / control / cooling jacket ; pH ref ; optimum or best for growth or reproduction of organism ; filtration / collection / harvesting / separating (the product) ; name / use of product e.g. mycoprotein / meat substitute / cattle feed ; 		[max 8]
(b)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> size reference / extremely small AW ; reproduce only in living cells / pathogenic AW / parasitic ; specific ; may need to separate them from living tissue / difficult to isolate ; 	A named viral disease	[max 2]
[Total 10]			
9 (a) (i)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> allele(s) ; responsible for a character(istic)/trait ; only one needs to be present / reference to heterozygote AW ; for the character to appear / be expressed (in phenotype) AW ; e.g. $I^A I^O$ + group A / $I^B I^O$ + group B / $I^A I^B$ + dominant to I^O ; 	A A, B, O instead of I^A , I^B , I^O	[max 3]
(ii)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <u>two</u> alleles ; neither being recessive / (equally) dominant ; both have an effect / are expressed / phenotype intermediate ; reference to heterozygote AW ; $I^A I^B / AB$; 		[max 3]

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – May/June 2016	5090	22

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
(b)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. number of chromosomes in a gamete is half those in a somatic or body cell ORA/one versus two sets of chromosomes ; 2. correct use of the terms haploid + diploid ; 3. 46 v. 23 ; 4. gametes/haploid cells are the result of meiosis/reduction division ; 5. somatic/body cells occur in/produced by mitosis ; 6. (diploid) number restored + at fertilisation ; 7. each parent has equal share in genotype of offspring AW ; 	A sex cell = gamete/one named gamete	[max 4]
			[Total 10]