

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge Ordinary Level

CHEMISTRY

5070/32 October/November 2016

Paper 3 Practical Test MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1(a)	Titration	12	
	Measurements (1) Both readings i.e. initial and final are present for each titration and readings are recorded to 1dp.		Reject final readings in excess of 50.0 Reject initial readings of 50
	Titres (1) All the titres are calculated correctly i.e. no subtraction errors.		
	Accuracy (6) For the two best titres give: 3 marks for a titre within 0.2 cm ³ of the Supervisor's value. 2 marks for a titre within 0.3 cm ³ of the Supervisor's value. 1 mark for a titre within 0.4 cm ³ of the Supervisor's value.		Accuracy marks are awarded using the candidate's correct values.
	Concordance (3) Give 3 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.2 cm^3 . Give 2 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.3 cm^3 . Give 1 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.4 cm^3 .		Concordance marks are awarded using the uncorrected titres.
	Average (1) Give 1 mark for calculating the correct average of selected titres.		
1(b)	Assuming a pipette volume of 25 cm^3 and the average volume of Q used = 24.8 cm^3 :	1	
	Mole of potassium manganate(VII) in the average volume = $(24.8 \times 0.0200) / 1000$ = 0.000496		
1(c)	Answer from (b)×5 = 0.000496×5 = 0.00248	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1(d)	Answer from (c)×500/25 (or 20) = 0.00248×500/25 = 0.0496	1	
1(e)	Answer from (d)×56 = 0.0496×56 = 2.78 g	1	
1(f)	Answer from (e)×100/3.12 = 2.78×100/3.12 = 89.1%	1	

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance					
Question 2 General points								
R is nitric aci	R is nitric acid S is zinc carbonate							
Ignore cloud Ignore soluti For gases: to For the evolu Solutions: co	pt solid/suspension/powder but ignore substance/particles/deposit/residue/ y/milky/white/gelatinous solution for ppt forms but accept cloudy/milky/white on/ppt turns colourless for ppt dissolves but accept clears for ppt dissolves gain credit for the name of the gas produced, the test must be at least partially tion of a gas in a liquid accept the observation effervescence/bubbles/fizz/gas lourless is not equivalent to clear and clear is not equivalent to colourless ed for conclusions are dependent on correct evidence.	/gelatino correct.	us solution for ppt remains					
2(test 1)	(a) solution turns red (1)(b) solution turns yellow (1)	19						
2(test 2)	gas turns damp red litmus blue (1) ammonia (1)		To score ammonia mark there must be an indication of a test i.e. smell of ammonia, alkaline gas, tested with litmus					
2(test 3)	(a) solution turns yellow (1) (b) solution turns blue or black (1)	-						
2(test 4)	solid disappears or dissolves (1) solution turns blue (1)	-						
2(test 5)	bubbles (1) gas turns limewater milky (1) carbon dioxide (1) Allow solid disappears or dissolves to score 1 if mark not awarded in test 4.		To score carbon dioxide mark there must be an indication of a test i.e. tested with limewater.					

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2(test 6)	white ppt (1) soluble in excess (1) colourless solution (1)				
2(test 7)	white ppt (1) soluble in excess (1) colourless solution (1)				
2(test 8)	gas turns damp red li ammonia (1) Allow the marks for t awarded in test 5.	tmus blue (1) he test and identification of carbon dioxide if not		To score a indication of		nark there must be an see test 2.
Conclusions	Cation in R is H ⁺ (1) Anion in R is NO_3^- (1) Cation in S is Zn^{2^+} (1) Anion in S is $CO_3^{2^-}$ (1)		4	Test 1(a) re Test 2 alka In both test	aline gas/a ts 6&7 wh	ethyl orange mmonia ite ppt which dissolves ified in test 5 or test 8