CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

5070 CHEMISTRY

5070/42

Paper 4 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



www.dynamicpapers.com

Paper 42

Syllabus 5070

1	(a) 28, 23 (1) 5 (1)	[2]	
	(b) (i) exothermic (1)	[1]	
	 (ii) vertical line labelled ΔH must go to same level as products (1) horizontal line below reactant line, ignore any labelling (1) (horizontal line above reactant line i.e. endothermic, 1st mark only can score.) 	[2]	
	(c) (i) blue (ignore any initial colour) (1)	[1]	
	(ii) pH meter/pH or universal indicator/pH paper (1)	[1]	
	(iii) 10–14 (1)	[1]	
	דן	otal: 8]	
2	(a) nitric (acid), HNO ₃ (1) (both)	[1]	
	(b) heat/warm/evaporate/boil/leave in sun (1) to crystallisation point/saturation point/evaporate <u>some</u> (but not all) of the water leave solution to cool/leave to crystallise (1) wash and dry crystals (1)		
	(c) (i) molar mass of $NH_4NO_3 = 80 (1)$ $28/80 \times 1000 = 350 (g) (1)$	[2]	
	(ii) $(350/28) \times 24 = 300 (dm^3) (1)$	[1]	
	(d) ammonium sulfate, (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ (1)(both)	[1]	
	(e) NH ₄ ⁺ (1) warm with (aq) NaOH (1) NH ₃ turns litmus blue OR gas turns litmus blue (1)	[3]	
	[То	otal: 11]	
3	(b) (1)	otal: 1]	
4	(d) (1)	otal: 1]	
5	(a) (1)	otal: 1]	
6	(b) (1)	otal: 1]	

Mark Scheme
GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013

Page 2

www.dvnamicpapers.com

	aynannopapororo		
Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5070	42

7 (a) 1.65(g)(1) [1]

(b) (i) (to prevent) oxidation of Fe^{2+} ions or to prevent Fe^{2+} being converted to $Fe^{3+}/Fe(III)$ (1)

(ii) hydrogen (1)

pops in a flame/lighted splint (1) [2]

(c) (i) green/colourless (1)

(ii) purple/pink (1) [2]

(d) 27.8 32.1 47.3 1 mark for each correct 0.0 5.7 20.7 row or column to 27.8 26.4 26.6 benefit of candidate (3)

mean titre = $26.5 (1) \text{ cm}^3$ [4]

(e) 0.00053 (moles) (1) [1]

(f) 0.00265 (moles) (1) [1]

(g) 0.0265 (moles) (1) [1]

(h) 1.484 (g) (1) [1]

(i) 89.7–90.(0)(%)(1) [1]

[Total: 15]

- 8 (a) colourless solution (1)
 - **(b) (i)** white ppt (1) soluble in excess(1)
 - (c) (i) white ppt, insoluble in excess (1) (both)
 - (d) Ba(NO₃)₂ or BaC l_2 (1) + HCl or HNO₃ (1) (incorrect formula negates correct name and vice versa) white ppt (1) (dependent on use of barium salt) conclusion A l_2 (SO₄)₃ (1)

[Total: 8]

[8]

www.dynamicpapers.com

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5070	42

9

a) carbon/graphite/platinum (1)				
(b) E or negative or cathode (1)				
(c) a gas is evolved/oxygen gas evolved/bubbles/effervescence/fizzing (1)				
(d) (i) 1.5, 2.0, 2.25, 2.25, 2.25 (1) all correct.	[1]			
(ii) all points plotted correctly (1) two intersecting straight lines (2) (1 mark for one straight line)	[3]			
(iii) 32 (min) (1)	[1]			
(iv) 45 (min) (1)	[1]			
(e) (i) blue (1)	[1]			
(ii) colourless (1)	[1]			
(f) sloping line continues in a straight line upwards all the way to $t = 70$, labelled S(1).	[1]			
(g) blue (all shades but not combinations such as greeny blue etc.)(1) concentration of Cu/Cu(II)/Cu ²⁺ ions remains constant OR concentration of electrolyte remains constant OR explanation based on copper/copper ions being removed and deposited into the solution (1)	· [2]			

[Total: 14]