UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

# **5070 CHEMISTRY**

5070/32

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Pa	ge 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	w.dynamicpap Syllabus	Paper
		GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2011	5070	32
(a)	Titration	1		[1
	Accuracy	<u>v</u> 8 marks		
	4 ma 2 ma	wo best titres give: arks for a value within 0.2 cm <sup>3</sup> of supervisor arks for a value within 0.3 cm <sup>3</sup> of supervisor ark for a value within 0.4 cm <sup>3</sup> of supervisor		
	Concord	ance 3 marks		
	2 ma	arks if all the ticked values are within 0.2 $cm^3$ arks if all the ticked values are within 0.3 $cm^3$ ark if all the ticked values are within 0.4 $cm^3$		
	<u>Average</u>	1 mark		
	Give 1 m his ticked	nark if the candidate calculates a correct average ( d values.	error not greater th	nan 0.05) of a
Ass	suming a 2	25 cm <sup>3</sup> pipette and a titre of 20.2 cm <sup>3</sup> .		
(b)	concentr	ation of hydrochloric acid in <b>P</b>		[
	$=\frac{25\times0}{20}$	$\frac{.05 \times 2}{.2}$ (1)		
	= 0.124 (	(1)		
	Answers	should be correct to $+$ or $-1$ in the third significant	figure.	
(c)	concentr	ation of hydrochloric acid in scale remover		[
	= 0.124 >	× 10 (1)		
	= 1.24			
	Answer f	from <b>(b)</b> × 10		
(d)	mass of	calcium carbonate removed		[
	= <u>1.24 ×</u>	$\frac{100 \times 2}{2}$ (1)		
	= 124			

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Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2011	5070	32		

#### 2 R is manganese (IV) oxide, S is manganese(II) chloride, T is potassium manganate(VII)

Γ

Test			Notes
<b>Genera</b> For ppt allow so	l points lid, suspension, powder		I
	es f gas requires test to be at least pa sces = bubbles = gas vigorously ev		
Solution Colourle	s ess not equivalent to clear, clear n	ot equival	lent to colourless
Solution	R		
Test 1			
effervescence(1)relights a glowing splint(1)oxygen(1)			
Test 2			
yell	ow or brown liquid	(1)	
Test 3			
(a)	filtrate is yellow	(1)	
(b)	red-brown or brown precipitate insoluble in excess	(1) (1) (1)	
Test 4			
(a)	no reaction	(1)	
(b)	white ppt	(1)	
Test 5			
(a)	white, yellow or brown precipitate insoluble in excess colour darkens	(1) (1) (1) (1)	this mark is awarded for noting the darkening of the colour in either <b>(a)</b> or <b>(b)</b>
(b)	dark (or black) brown solid effervescence relights a glowing splint oxygen	(1) (1) (1) (1)	

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Page 4	Mark Scheme:	Teachers' ve	ersion	Syllabus	Paper	
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2011			5070	32	
Test 6						
turns colourle effervescence	ess or decolourised e	(1) (1)				
Test 7						
(a) filtrate is	green	(1)				
(b) filtrate tu	rns pink, red or purple	(1)				

### Conclusions

The anion in **S** is chloride or Cl<sup>-</sup> (white ppt in **test 4(b)**) (1) **R** is acting as an oxidising agent (**test 2** correct or **test 3(a)** yellow or **3(b)** brown) (1) **T** is acting as an oxidising agent (decolourised or effervescence in **test 6**) (1)

Note: 25 marking points, maximum 24.