Centre No.						Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.						Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

4400/4H

London Examinations IGCSE

Mathematics

Paper 4H

Higher Tier

Friday 18 May 2007 – Afternoon

Time: 2 hours

Examiner's use only

Team Leader's use only

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18	
19	
Total	

Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers

Nil

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initial(s) and signature.
Check that you have the correct question paper.
Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided in this question paper.
You must NOT write on the formulae page. Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.
If you need more space to complete your answer to any question, use additional answer sheets.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. **(2)**.
There are 21 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100.
There are 20 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.
You may use a calculator.

Advice to Candidates

Write your answers neatly and in good English.

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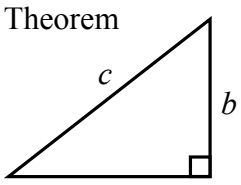
IGCSE MATHEMATICS 4400
FORMULA SHEET – HIGHER TIER

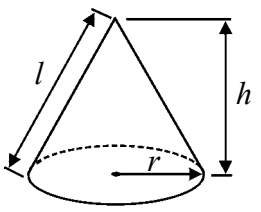
Pythagoras' Theorem



$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

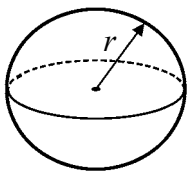
Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

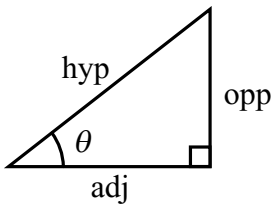
Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$



Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$





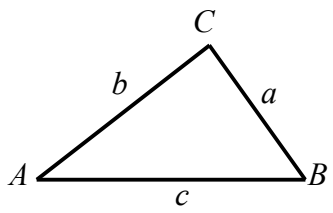
adj = hyp × cos θ
opp = hyp × sin θ
opp = adj × tan θ

or $\sin\theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$

$\cos\theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$

$\tan\theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$

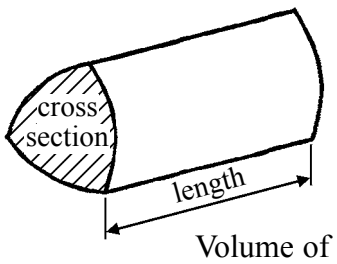
In any triangle ABC



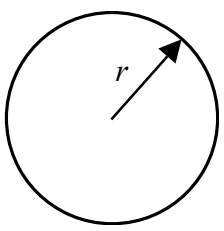
Sine rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$



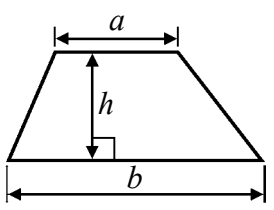
Volume of prism = area of cross section × length

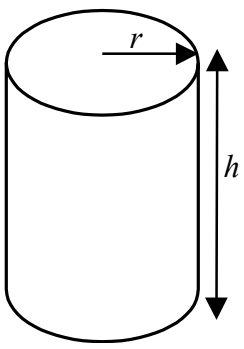


Circumference of circle = $2\pi r$

Area of circle = πr^2

Area of a trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$





Volume of cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cylinder = $2\pi r h$

The Quadratic Equation
The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

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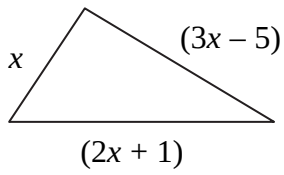
Answer ALL TWENTY ONE questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1. The diagram shows the lengths, in cm, of the sides of a triangle.



The perimeter of the triangle is 17 cm.

(i) Use this information to write an equation in x.

.....

(ii) Solve your equation.

x = ...

Q1

(Total 3 marks)

2. Anji mixes sand and cement in the ratio 7 : 2 by weight.
The total weight of the mixture is 27 kg.

Calculate the weight of sand in the mixture.

..... kg

Q2

(Total 3 marks)

Turn over

Leave blank

3. Solve $5(x - 4) = 35$

$x =$ .....

Q3

(Total 3 marks)

4. Julian has to work out $\frac{6.8 \times 47.6}{2.09}$ without using a calculator.

(a) Round each number in Julian's calculation to one significant figure.

.....

(2)

(b) Use your rounded numbers to work out an estimate for $\frac{6.8 \times 47.6}{2.09}$

Give your answer correct to one significant figure.

.....

(2)

(c) Without using your calculator, explain why your answer to part (b) should be larger than the exact answer.

.....

.....

.....

(2)

Q4

(Total 6 marks)

Leave blank

5. The diagram shows a wall.

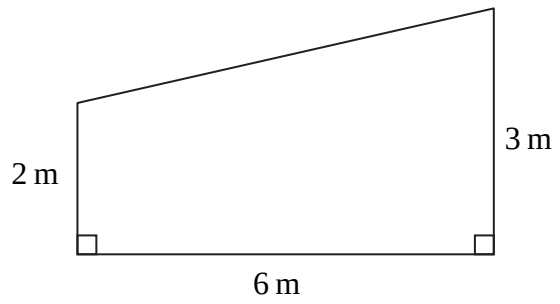


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

(a) Calculate the area of the wall.

..... m^2

(2)

(b) 1 litre of paint covers an area of 20 m^2.
Work out the volume of paint needed to cover the wall.
Give your answer in cm^3.

..... cm^3

(3)

Q5

(Total 5 marks)

Turn over

Leave blank

6. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = x + 3$$
$$y = 7x$$

x = ...

y = ... **Q6**

(Total 3 marks)

Leave blank

7. (a)

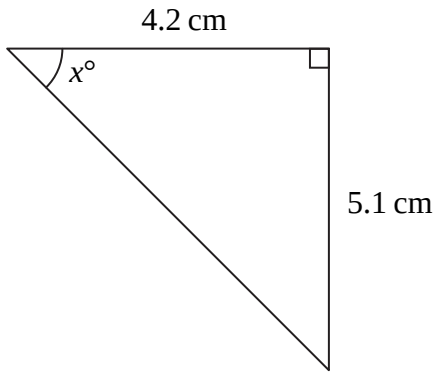


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Calculate the value of x.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

x = ...

(3)

(b)

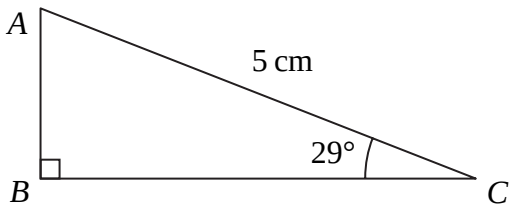


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Calculate the length of AB.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(3)

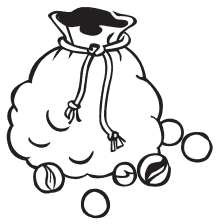
Q7

(Total 6 marks)

Turn over

Leave blank

8. A bag contains some marbles.
The colour of each marble is red or blue or green or yellow.



A marble is taken at random from the bag.
The table shows the probability that the marble is red or blue or green.

Colour	Probability
Red	0.1
Blue	0.2
Green	0.1
Yellow	

(a) Work out the probability that the marble is yellow.

.....

(2)

(b) Work out the probability that the marble is blue or green.

.....

(2)

The probability that the marble is made of glass is 0.8

(c) Beryl says "The probability that the marble is green or made of glass is 0.1 + 0.8 = 0.9"

Is Beryl correct? .....

Give a reason for your answer.

.....

.....

(2)

Q8

(Total 6 marks)

Leave blank

9.

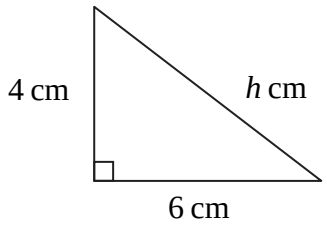


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Calculate the value of h.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

h = ...

Q9

(Total 3 marks)

PLEASE TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 10

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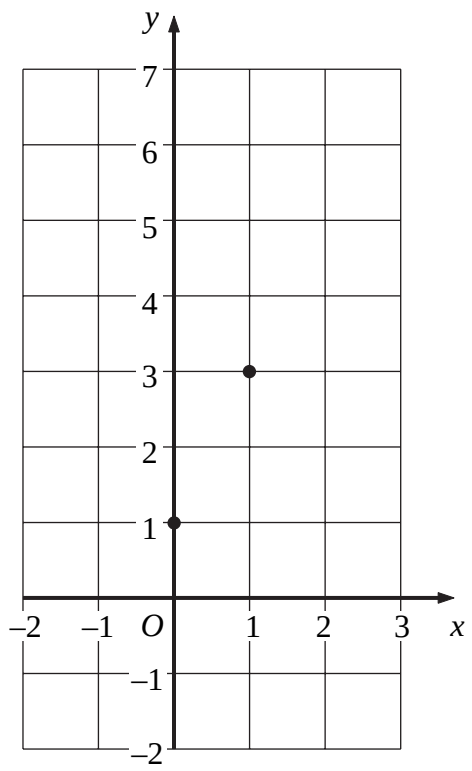
10. (a)



Find the equation of the straight line that passes through the points (0, 1) and (1, 3).

.....

(4)

(b) Write down the equation of a line parallel to the line whose equation is $y = -2x + 5$

.....

(1)

(c) Write down the coordinates of the point of intersection of the two lines whose equations are $y = 3x - 4$ and $y = -2x - 4$

(....., ...)

(1)

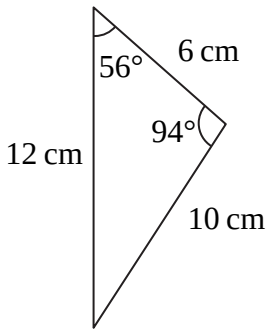
Q10

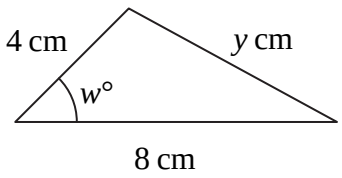
(Total 6 marks)

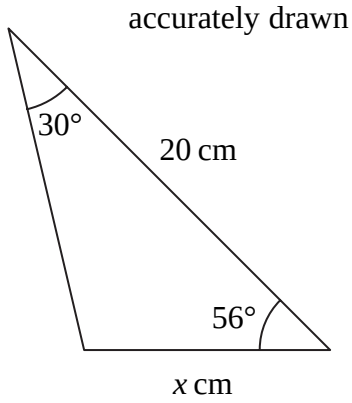
Leave blank

11. Here are three similar triangles.

Diagrams **NOT** accurately drawn







Find the value of

(a) w,

w = ...

(1)

(b) x,

x = ...

(2)

(c) y.

y = ...

(2)

Q11

(Total 5 marks)

Turn over

Leave blank

12. Simplify

(a) $\dfrac{a^3 \times a^4}{a^2}$

.....

(2)

(b) $(\sqrt{x})^6$

.....

(1)

(c) $\dfrac{3(x+1)^2}{6(x+1)}$

.....

(2)

Q12

(Total 5 marks)

Leave blank

13. Here are the marks scored in a maths test by the students in two classes.

Class A 2 13 15 16 4 6 19 10 11 4 5 15 4 16 6

Class B 12 11 2 5 19 14 6 6 10 14 9

(a) Work out the interquartile range of the marks for each class.

Class A .....

Class B .....

(4)

(b) Use your answers to give one comparison between the marks of Class A and the marks of Class B.

.....

.....

(1)

Q13

(Total 5 marks)

14. Solve $\frac{5x-7}{x-1} = x+1$

.....

Q14

(Total 4 marks)

Turn over

Leave blank

15. There are 35 students in a group.
18 students play hockey.
12 students play both hockey and tennis.
15 students play neither hockey nor tennis.

Find the number of students who play tennis.

.....

(Total 4 marks)

Q15

16. A triangle has sides of length 5 cm, 6 cm and 9 cm.

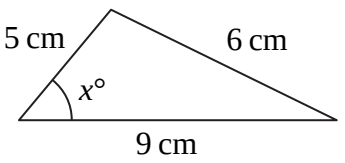


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Calculate the value of x.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

x =.....

(Total 3 marks)

Q16

Leave blank

17. The functions f and g are defined as follows.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$$

(a) (i) State which value of x cannot be included in the domain of f.

.....

(ii) State which **values** of x cannot be included in the domain of g.

.....

(3)

(b) Calculate fg(10)

.....

(3)

(c) Express the inverse function g^{-1} in the form $g^{-1}(x)$ = ...

.....

(4)

Q17

(Total 10 marks)

Turn over

Leave blank

18. A fair, 6-sided dice has faces numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6
When the dice is thrown, the number facing up is the score.
The dice is thrown three times.

(a) Calculate the probability that the total score is 18

.....
(2)

(b) Calculate the probability that the score on the third throw is exactly double the **total** of the scores on the first **two** throws.

.....
(4) **Q18**

(Total 6 marks)

Leave blank

19. (a) Calculate the area of an equilateral triangle of side 5 cm.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

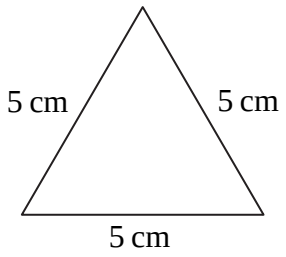


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

..... cm^2
(2)

(b) The diagram shows two overlapping circles.
The centre of each circle lies on the circumference of the other circle.
The radius of each circle is 5 cm.
The distance between the centres is 5 cm.

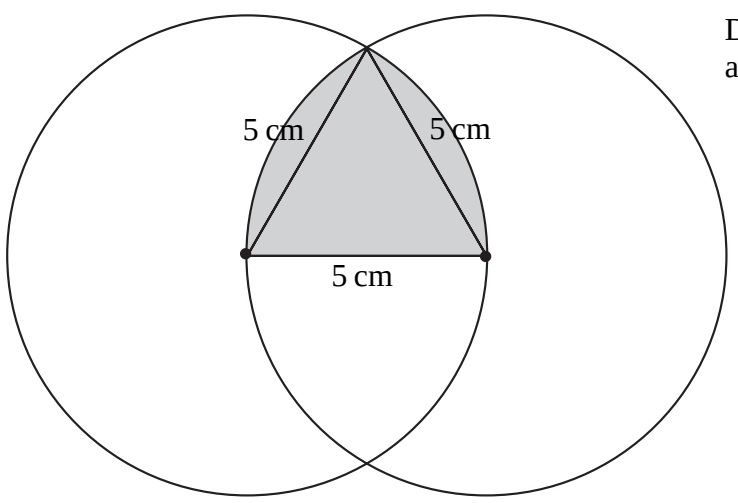


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Calculate the area of the shaded region.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm^2
(3)

Q19

(Total 5 marks)

Turn over

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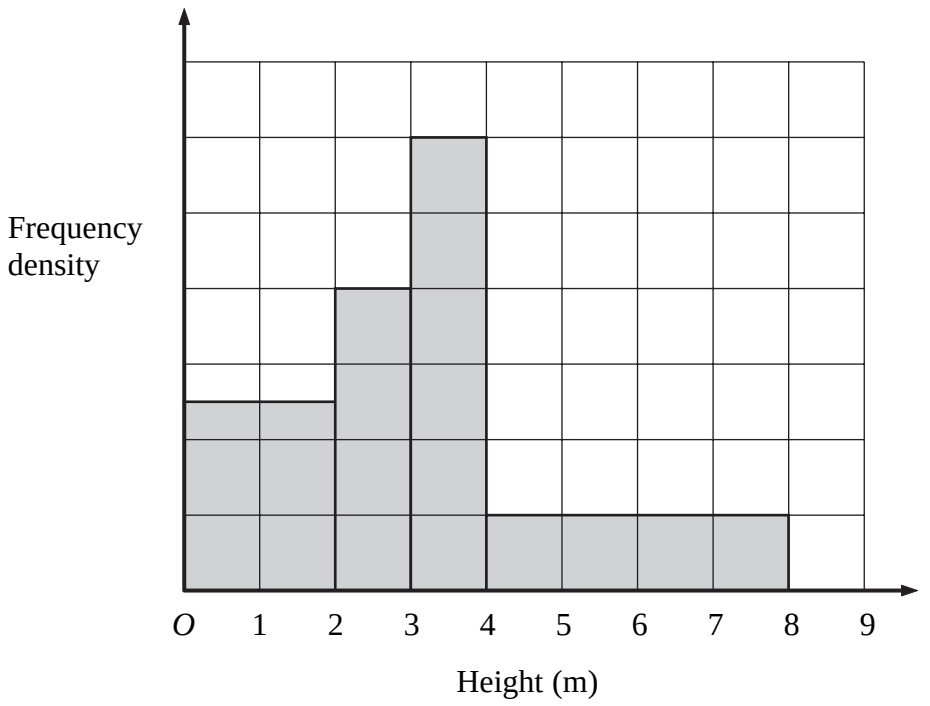
20. The histogram shows information about the height, h metres, of some trees.



The number of trees with heights in the class $2 < h \leqslant 3$ is 20

Find the number of trees with heights in the class

(i) $4 < h \leqslant 8$

.....

(ii) $3 < h \leqslant 4$

.....

Q20

(Total 3 marks)

Leave blank

21. (a) Factorise $16x^2 - 1$

.....

(1)

(b) Hence express as the product of its prime factors

(i) 1599

.....

(ii) 1.599×10^6

.....

(5) **Q21**

(Total 6 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS

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