

Cambridge IGCSE™

COMPUTER SCIENC	CE	0478/13
Paper 1 Theory		May/June 2022
MARK SCHEME		
Maximum Mark: 75		
	Published	

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Please note the following further points:

The words in **bold** in the mark scheme are important text that needs to be present, or some notion of it needs to be present. It does not have to be the exact word, but something close to the meaning.

If a word is underlined, this exact word must be present.

A single forward slash means this is an alternative word. A double forward slash means that this is an alternative mark point.

Ellipsis (...) on the end of one-mark point and the start of the next means that the candidate **cannot** get the second mark point without being awarded the first one. If a mark point has an ellipsis at the beginning, but there is no ellipsis on the mark point before it, then this is just a follow-on sentence and **can** be awarded **without** the previous mark point.

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Question	Answer		Marks
1(a)	One mark for each correct row		5
	Device	Input Output Storage (✓) (✓)	
	keyboard	✓	
	microphone	✓	
	headphones	✓	
	hard disk drive (HDD)	✓	
	actuator	✓	
1(b)	Optical Solid state		2

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	Per each binary conversion, one mark for 2 correct character conversions, two marks for three correct character conversions • 0000 0101 1010 • 0001 1000 1100 • 0010 1001 1111	6

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	Any two from:	2
	 It has a bright screen/colours It does not consume much power It runs at a cool temperature Longevity Can operate in cold conditions Can be small/compact/thin 	
2(c)	Per each hex conversion, one mark for 2 correct character conversions, two marks for three correct character conversions • 40D • 07E	4

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Question	Answer				Marks
3(a)	One mark for each correct row				4
	Statement	AND (✓)	OR (✓)	XOR (✓)	
	if both inputs are 0, the output is 0	✓	✓	✓	
	if both inputs are different, the output is 1		✓	✓	
	if both inputs are 1, the output is 1	✓	✓		
	if both inputs are the same, the output is always 0			✓	

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Question			Answer		Marks
3(b)	One mark for th	e correct name and one ma	rk for the correct truth table		4
	• NOR				
		Α	В	Output	
		0	0	1	
		0	1	0	
		1	0	0	
		1	1	0	
	• NAND				
		A	В	Output	
		0	0	1	
		0	1	1	
		1	0	1	
		1	1	0	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	Three from:	3
	 Protocol Domain name / Web server name Filename / web page name / folder name 	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(b)	 It is sent to a DNS which looks up the corresponding/matching IP address 	2
4(c)(i)	• HTTPS	1
4(c)(ii)	Any one from:	1
	 It encrypts it It applies encryption algorithm It applies an encryption key 	

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	Any two from:	5
	 It processes data It processes/executes instructions It carries out calculations It carries out logical operations Any three from:	
	 Fetch Decode Execute 	

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(b)(i)	Any four from:	4
	 Memory data register / MDR Control unit / CU Arithmetic logic unit / ALU Program counter / PC Current instruction register / Instruction register / CIR / IR Accumulator / ACC Address bus Data bus Control bus 	
5(b)(ii)	Any two from:	2
	 To temporarily store the address of the next data/instructions required the address of the location in memory where data is to be stored Stores the address that is to be collected by the address bus 	

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(c)(i)	Any four from:	7
	 It is RAM which is volatile storage It is ROM which is non-volatile storage It is directly accessible by the CPU 	
	 Any three from: BIOS Start-up instructions Programs that are currently in use Data that is currently in use Parts of OS currently in use 	
5(c)(ii)	Any two from:	2
	 Data can be permanently stored meaning that (application) software can be loaded/retrieved meaning that operating system can be loaded/retrieved meaning that user data/files can be accessed/retrieved 	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	• Image	1
6(b)	Lossy compressed file	1
6(c)	Any four from:	4
	 A light is shone onto the surface of the document The light is moved across/down/under the document The reflected light is captured (using mirrors and lenses) The reflections are converted to binary 	
6(d)	Lossless compression	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	 Data is sent multiple bits at a time down multiple wires Data is sent in one direction only 	3
7(b)	Any two from: Parallel is not suitable for long distances // only suitable for short distances the data could become skewed Parallel cables are not manufactured above approx. 5m	2
7(c)	Any three from (MAX 2 for ARQ): Checksum used to detect errors (during transmission) using a calculated value ARQ checks if data is received uses acknowledgement and timeout requests data be sent again if (checksum) detects error / not received	3

Question	Answer	Marks
8	One mark per each correct term in the correct place	6
	 high-level language line by line all at once executable file is not required debugging 	

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