

Cambridge IGCSE™

Maximum Mark: 75

COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper 2 Algorithms, Programming and Logic

MARK SCHEME

0478/22

February/March 2023

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the February/March 2023 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Mark scheme abbreviations

/ separates alternative words / phrases within a marking point// separates alternative answers within a marking point

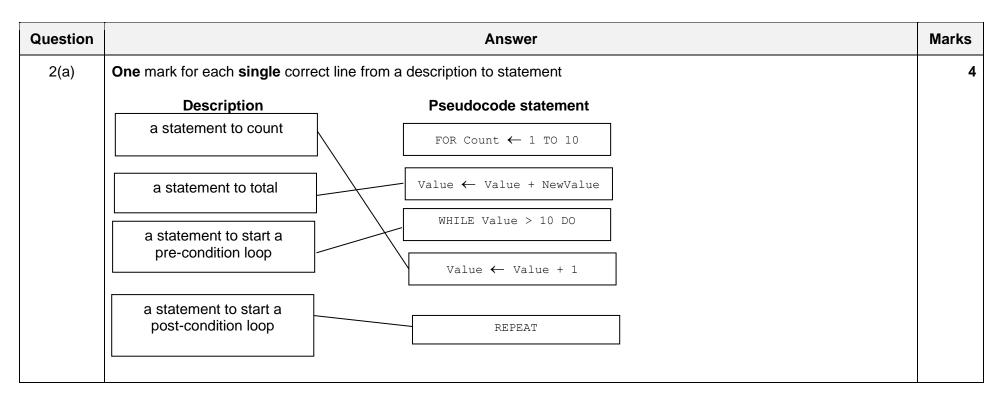
underline actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)

indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

Note: No marks are awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

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Question	Answer	Marks
1	C	1



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Question		Answer	Marks
2(b)	Initialisapproptotallingcalcula	for each point: ation of total to zero before loop briate loop controls g statement inside the loop, must use array Number[] with an index ation of average outside loop of average outside loop Total ← 0 FOR Count ← 1 TO 50 Total ← Total + Number[Count] NEXT Count Average ← Total / 50 OUTPUT "The average is ", Average	5

Question	Answer	Marks
3	One mark for each point max two. check that the program works as expected check for logic/runtime errors check that the program rejects any invalid data that is input check that the program only accepts reasonable data One mark for example	3
	Normal // erroneous // abnormal // extreme // boundary	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4	 One mark for each point max three. variables / constants are used to store items of data the data stored in variables / constants are accessed by an identifier // named data stores the value of a variable may change during the execution of a program the value of a constant will remain the same during the execution of a program 	3

Question	Answer	Marks
5	One mark for a suitable hierarchical structure One mark for suitable names for the sub systems for user input and display options One mark for sub systems for user inputs, (choice of display,) food order and payment One mark for sub systems for display output types, pictures and list For example: Food ordering system Display options Display choice Display choice Display choice Display choice Display choice Display choice Food order Payment Pictures List	4

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	 One mark for each error identified and correction Line 05 OUTPUT UsefulEnergyOut should be INPUT UsefulEnergyOut Line 06 IF TotalEnergyIn <> -1 AND UsefulEnergy <> -1 should be: IF TotalEnergyIn <> -1 AND UsefulEnergyOut <> -1 Line 11 UNTIL TotalEnergyIn <> -1 OR UsefulEnergyOut <> -1 should be: UNTIL TotalEnergyIn = -1 OR UsefulEnergyOut = -1 	3
6(b)	One mark for checking for >= 92 One mark for outputting "A-rated" only if the condition is met For example IF Efficiency >= 92 THEN OUTPUT "A-rated" ENDIF	2

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	One mark for each correct gate, with the correct inputs as shown.	5
	A B C	

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Question					Answer	Ma
7(b)				_		
	Α	В	С	Х		
	0	0	0	0		
	0	0	1	0		
	0	1	0	0		
	0	1	1	0		
	1	0	0	0		
	1	0	1	0		
	1	1	0	1		
	1	1	1	0		

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Question				A	nswer		Mark
8(a)		NumberSales	Total	SaleValue	Average	OUTPUT	
		0	0				
		1	5.50	5.50			
		2	8.90	3.40			
		3	15.15	6.25			
		4	19.00	3.85			
		5	8.00	-11.00			
				0	1.6	Average sale value 1.6	
		k for each column i k for columns Aver			alue		
8(b)	for examp Correction One mark	ne mark for identifule including negation on k for correct placenuple – after the inpu	ve numbers / nent and one r	not differentiation mark for appropri	ate action	ntive and positive values	

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Question			Answer		Marks	
9(a)	20				1	
9(b)(i)	CatNo				1	
9(b)(ii)	It is a unique identifier // no repeated values					
9(c)	Two marks for 4 correct data types or one mark for 2 or 3 correct data types				2	
		Field	Data type			
		CatNo	Text/Alphanumeric			
		Title	Text/alphanumeric			
		Fiction	Boolean			
		Price	Real			
9(d)	One mark for each correct of BK08 The Princes BK31 Networking		B Penn A Smith		2	
9(e)	One mark if two correct or to Title BookList Author = "B Penn" //		mpletely correct B Penn' // Author Like "B Penn"		2	

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Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)	One mark for each correct line DECLARE X: INTEGER DECLARE Y: REAL DECLARE Z: BOOLEAN	3
10(b)	One mark for using FUNCTION and ENDFUNCTION and RETURNS BOOLEAN One mark for naming the function Same One mark for defining the two parameters correctly One mark for comparing the two parameters using ROUND One mark for correctly returning TRUE and FALSE One mark for correct function call Example definition: FUNCTION Same (A : INTEGER, B : REAL) RETURNS BOOLEAN IF A = ROUND (B, 0) THEN RETURN TRUE ELSE RETURN FALSE ENDIF ENDFUNCTION Example call: Z ← Same (X, Y)	6
10(c)	A function is defined once and called many times or Define – setting up the function and call is using a function	1

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Question				Ansv	wer					Marks
11	Read and understand the question before starting to mark any scripts. Read the whole answer before marking a script: Check if each requirement listed below has been met. Requirements may be met using a suitable built-in function from the programming language used (Python, VB.NET or Java) On script if requirement met add seen, NE if partial attempt, cross if no attempt (see marked scripts).								15	
	R1	R1	•	•				, ,		
	R2	R2								
	R3	R3								
	AO3 (maximum 6 marks) A3 A3 A3 Tick 9 Data Structures required with names as given in the scenario Arrays or lists TeamName, TeamPoints									
	Variables LeagueSize, MatchNo									
	Requirements (techniques) R1 calculates total points for all matches played by each team (nested iteration, totalling) R2 counts and outputs, with the team's name, for each team the total number of away wins, home wins, drawn matches and lost matches (nested iteration, counting, output) R3 finds and outputs the name of the team with the highest number of points and the name of the team with the lowest number of points. (output, selection)									

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Question	Answer	Marks
11	Example 15-mark answer in pseudocode: // meaningful identifier names and appropriate data structures to store the data required DECLARE TeamCounter: INTEGER DECLARE MatchCounter: INTEGER	
	<pre>FOR TeamCounter ← 1 to LeagueSize // zero totals for each club's results TotalPoints[TeamCounter] ← 0 NEXT TeamCounter</pre>	
	FOR TeamCounter ← 1 TO LeagueSize AwayWinNo ← 0 // zero totals for each club's result details HomeWinNo ← 0 DrawNo ← 0 LostNo ← 0 FOR MatchCounter ← 1 TO MatchNo TotalPoints[TeamCounter] ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter] + TeamPoints[TeamCounter, MatchCounter] CASE OF TeamPoints[TeamCounter, MatchCounter] 3 : AwayWinNo ← AwayWinNo + 1 2 : HomeWinNo ← HomeWinNo + 1 1 : DrawNo ← DrawNo + 1 0 : LostNo ← LostNo + 1 ENDCASE NEXT MatchCounter OUTPUT "Team ", TeamName[TeamCounter] // Output details of a team's results OUTPUT "Away wins ", AwayWinNo OUTPUT "Home wins ", HomeWinNo OUTPUT "Draws ", DrawNo OUTPUT "Losses ", LostNo	

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Question	Answer	Marks
11	// Check for highest and lowest results IF TeamCounter = 1	
	THEN Wishest Decults (Motel Deinte [Mean Counter]	
	HighestResult ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter]	
	LowestResult ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter] ENDIF	
	<pre>IF TotalPoints[TeamCounter] > HighestResult THEN</pre>	
	HighestResult ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter]	
	TopTeam ← TeamCounter	
	ENDIF	
	<pre>IF TotalPoints[TeamCounter] < LowestResult THEN</pre>	
	LowestResult ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter]	
	BottomTeam ← TeamCounter	
	ENDIF	
	NEXT TeamCounter	
	<pre>// output names of the teams with the highest and lowest number of points OUTPUT "Top Team ", TeamName[TopTeam] OUTPUT "Bottom Team ", TeamName[BottomTeam]</pre>	

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Marking Instructions in italics

AO2: Apply knowledge and understanding of the principles and concepts of computer science to a given context, including the analysis and design of computational or programming problems

0	1–3	4–6	7–9		
No creditable response.	At least one programming technique has been used. Any use of selection, iteration, counting, totalling, input and output.	Some programming techniques used are appropriate to the problem. More than one technique seen applied to the scenario, check list of techniques needed.	The range of programming techniques used is appropriate to the problem. All criteria stated for the scenario have been covered by the use of appropriate programming techniques, check list of techniques needed.		
	Some data has been stored but not appropriately. Any use of variables or arrays or other language dependent data structures e.g. Python lists.	Some of the data structures chosen are appropriate and store some of the data required. More than one data structure used to store data required by the scenario.	The data structures chosen are appropriate and store all the data required. The data structures used store all the data required by the scenario.		

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Marking Instructions in italics						
AO3: Provide solutions to pro evaluating computer systems		ns by: making reasoned judgements				
0	1–2	3–4	5–6			
No creditable response.	Program seen without relevant comments.	Program seen with some relevant comment(s).	The program has been fully commented			
	Some identifier names used are appropriate. Some of the data structures used have meaningful names.	The majority of identifiers used are appropriately named. Most of the data structures used have meaningful names.	Suitable identifiers with names meaningful to their purpose have been used throughout. All of the data structures used have meaningful names.			
	The solution is illogical.	The solution contains parts that may be illogical.	The program is in a logical order.			
	The solution is inaccurate in many places. Solution contains few lines of code with errors that attempt to perform a task given in the scenario.	The solution contains parts that are inaccurate. Solution contains lines of code with some errors that logically perform tasks given in the scenario. Ignore minor syntax errors.	The solution is accurate. Solution logically performs all the tasks given in the scenario. Ignore minor syntax errors.			
	The solution attempts at least one of the requirements. Solution contains lines of code that attempt at least one task given in the scenario.	The solution meets most of the requirements. Solution contains lines of code that perform most tasks given in the scenario.	The solution meets all the requirements given in the question. Solution performs all the tasks given in the scenario.			

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